

23. Passamezzo

Anonymous

15

15

10

15

20

25

1) 2 rhythm flags $\frac{1}{2}$ value in orig.

2) In orig., 1st and 4th rhythm flags double value.

3) d on 6th course in orig.

4) Notes added by editor. Same in bars 12,18,47,

1)

2)

3)

4)

1) d in orig.

2) Note one course higher in orig. Same in bar 80.

3) f on 2nd course in orig.

4) 2 notes d in orig.

1) Chord c/ x/x/x/a/a/c in orig.
 2) 2 bracketed notes c in orig.
 3) Rhythm flag missing here, and last 3 rhythm flags in this bar double value in orig.
 4) Bracketed notes one course lower in orig. Same in bars 58,67.

1) c in orig.

2) Double value rhythm flag deleted before this one.

3) Rhythm flag missing in orig.

4) c on 3rd course deleted, here.

Saltarello

The music is written in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and consists of six staves. The first staff uses vertical stems. The second staff starts with a vertical stem, followed by horizontal stems. The third staff has vertical stems. The fourth staff starts with a vertical stem, followed by horizontal stems. The fifth staff has vertical stems. The sixth staff uses vertical stems.

Key signatures and time changes are indicated by Roman numerals (I, II, III) above the staff. Measure numbers 1 through 15 are placed at the beginning of each measure. Various note heads are used, including 'a', 'b', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'r', and 'l'. Some notes have dots or dashes, and some are grouped by vertical or horizontal stems. Brackets and parentheses are used to group notes. A bracket labeled '1)' is under the first three measures of the second staff. A bracket labeled '2)' is under the first three measures of the fourth staff. A bracket labeled '3)' is under the last three measures of the sixth staff. Measure 10 has a small box around it. Measure 15 has a small box around it.

1) Note dotted by editor. Same in next bar.

2) Note added by editor.

3) b in orig.